

## Worksheet of self-control

## Application of basic formulas of indefinite integrals

Identify the appropriate answer/answers for every integral and fill in the formula applied

Nr	Exercise	Identificator of correct answer	Formula
1	$\int 4x^3 dx$		
2	$2 \int (\sqrt{x} + \sin x) dx$		
3	$\int \frac{5}{9+x^2} dx$		
4	$\int \left(6^x + \frac{2}{x}\right) dx$		
5	$\int x^4 \cdot \sqrt[3]{x^4} dx$		
6	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{3dx}{\sin^2 x}$		
7	$\int \sqrt{\frac{8}{x^2-8}} dx$		
8	$\int 7chx dx$		
9	$\int \frac{3^x}{3} dx$		
10	$\int \frac{6dx}{11\sqrt{36-x^2}}$		

## Possible answers

- A.  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^x \cdot \frac{1}{\ln 3} + C$ ; B.  $-\sqrt{3}\cot x + C$ ; C.  $5\arctan x + C$ ; D.  $x^4 + C$ ; E.  $7shx + C$ ;  
 F.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - 2\cos x + C$ ; G.  $2\sqrt{2}\ln|x + \sqrt{x^2-8}| + C$ ; H.  $1\frac{2}{3}\arctan\frac{x}{3} + C$ ;

I.  $\frac{6}{11} \arcsin \frac{x}{6} + C$ ; J.  $\frac{4}{3} x^{3/2} + 2(-\cos x) + C$ ; K.  $\frac{x^5}{5} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{5} + C$ ; L.  $\frac{6^x}{\ln 6} + 2 \ln x + C$ ;  
 M.  $2 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x^3}}{3} - \cos x \right) + C$ ; N.  $\frac{3^x}{\ln 27} + C$ ; O.  $12x^2 + C$ ; P.  $\frac{3}{19} \cdot x^{\frac{19}{3}} + C$ ; Q.  $\frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} (-\cot x) + C$ ;  
 R.  $3x^6 \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{19} + C$

**Answers**

No	Exercise	Identifier of correct answer	Formula
1	$\int 4x^3 dx$	D	$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$
2	$2 \int (\sqrt{x} + \sin x) dx$	J, M	$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$ ; $\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$
3	$\int \frac{5}{9+x^2} dx$	H	$\int \frac{dx}{a^2+x^2} = \frac{1}{a} \arctan \frac{x}{a} + C$
4	$\int \left( 6^x + \frac{2}{x} \right) dx$	L	$\int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + C$ ; $\int \frac{dx}{x} = \ln x + C$
5	$\int x^4 \cdot \sqrt[3]{x^4} dx$	P, R	$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$
6	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \int \frac{3dx}{\sin^2 x}$	B, Q	$\int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x} = -\cot x + C$
7	$\int \sqrt{\frac{8}{x^2-8}} dx$	G	$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}} = \ln  x + \sqrt{x^2-a^2}  + C$
8	$\int 7chx dx$	E	$\int chx dx = shx + C$
9	$\int \frac{3^x}{3} dx$	A, N	$\int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + C$
10	$\int \frac{6dx}{11\sqrt{36-x^2}}$	I	$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} = \arcsin \frac{x}{a} + C$

